

EE540 Advance Electromagnetic Theory & Antennas

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Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

- **Uniqueness theorem:**
- For a given set of sources and boundary conditions in a lossy medium,
 - the solution to the Maxwell's equation is unique
- **Field equivalence principle (FEP):**
- FEP 1:
- Consider a set of current sources in a homogeneous medium
 - producing electromagnetic fields \vec{E} and \vec{H} everywhere
- Enclose all sources by a surface S ,
 - separating the entire space into two parts: volume 1 and volume 2



Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

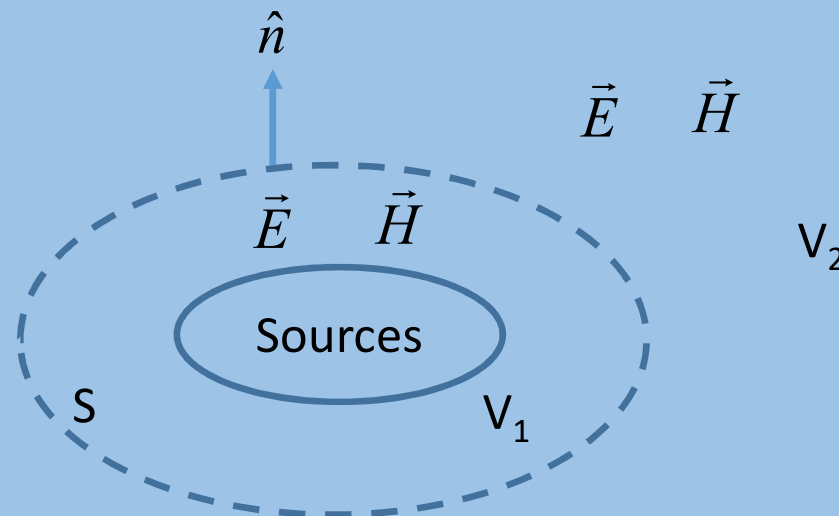


Fig. Fields and sources



Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

- Volume 1 contains sources and volume 2 is source free
- Assume surface S is also source free
 - and \hat{n} is unit normal to surface S from V_1 to V_2
- According to FEP 1,
 - the fields in V_2 can be also generated by an equivalent set of virtual sources on surface S, given by
$$\vec{J}_S = \hat{n} \times \vec{H} \quad \vec{M}_S = \vec{E} \times \hat{n} = -\hat{n} \times \vec{E}$$
- where \vec{E} and \vec{H} are the fields on the surface S produced
 - by the original set of sources in volume V_1
- Further the set of virtual sources produce null fields everywhere in V_1



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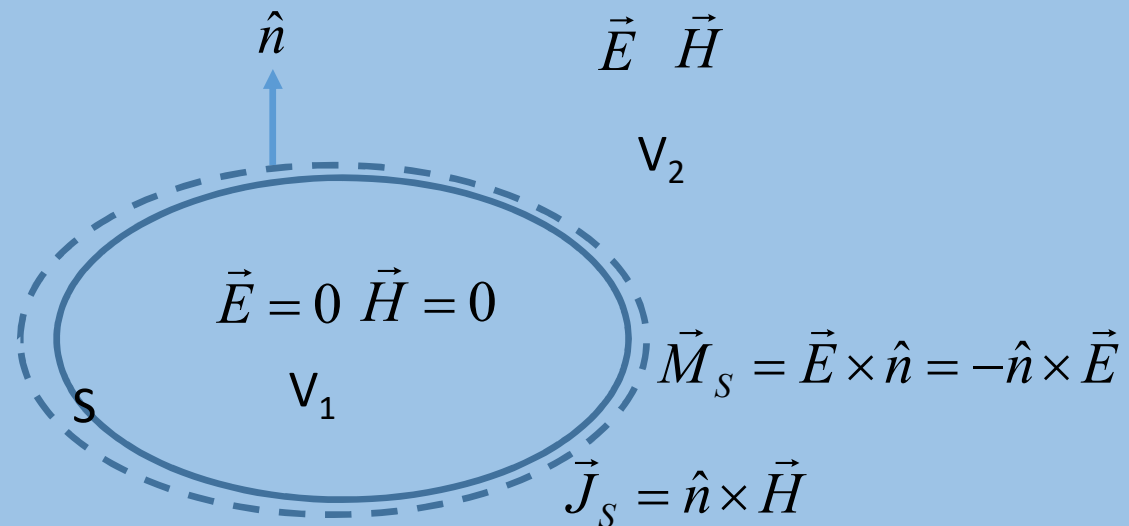


Fig. FEP 1: introduction of surface current densities (electric and magnetic) on the surface S



Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

- *Justification using uniqueness theorem:*
- Consider a situation where the fields in volume V_2 are the same as before
- Then we delete all the sources in V_1
 - and assume the fields are identically zero everywhere in V_1
- At the boundary surface S the fields are discontinuous
- Hence they cannot be supported
 - unless we introduce sources on the discontinuity surface



Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

- Specifically we introduce surface current sheets on S such that

$$\vec{J}_S = \hat{n} \times \vec{H} \quad \vec{M}_S = \vec{E} \times \hat{n} = -\hat{n} \times \vec{E}$$

- so that boundary conditions are satisfied
- Since the tangential \vec{E} and \vec{H} satisfy the boundary conditions,
 - it is a solution to Maxwell's equations,
 - and from Uniqueness theorem,
 - it is the only solution



Electromagnetic Theorems and Concepts

- Thus the original sources in V_1
 - and the new set of surface current sources produce the same fields in the volume V_2
- These are *equivalent problems*
 - as far as the fields in volume V_2 are concerned
- It is the first FEP
 - and the most general form
- We can use this FEP
 - provided we can find tangential electric and magnetic fields on the surface S